Jurnal Keker
DOI:https://doi.org/10.59193/jurnalkekerwisata

Edisi Januari 2026
Vol.4 No. 1
E-ISSN 2985-4466

Accreditation Assistance For Jurnal Teknik Elektrosista At Magelang Military Academy

Frangky Silitonga[1], M.Nur Nasution[2], Kartika Cahayani[3], Arina Luthfini Lubis[4], Muchammad Hifni[5], Ahmad Nur Ahsan[6], Aura Purify[7], Nurtjahyono[8]
Politeknik Pariwisata Batam[1,3,4], Politeknik Pariwisata Bali[2], Teknik Elektronika Pertahanan, Akademi Militer Magelang[5,6,7], PPM Sdirjianbang. Akademi Militer Magelang[8]
frangkyka@gmail.com[1], m.nuranasution@gmail.com[2], kartikacahayanii@gmail.com[3], arina@btp.ac.id[4], m.hifni@nikelektronikahan.akmil.ac.id[5], ahmadnur@nikelektronikahan.akmil.ac.id[6], aurapurify@nikelektronikahan.akmil.ac.id[7], nurcahyono644@gmail.com[8]

Abstract

Assistance in the accreditation of scientific journals is a strategic step in improving the quality of academic publication governance, especially in the Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program at the Magelang Military Academy. Scientific journals play an important role as a medium for disseminating the research results of lecturers and cadets, as well as a means of strengthening the culture of research and scientific development in the field of defense technology. Therefore, efforts to assist journal accreditation are an urgent need so that journal management meets the national standards set by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology. The mentoring activities are focused on strengthening journal management based on Open Journal Systems (OJS), starting from structuring the editorial structure, preparing publication ethics policies, improving article templates, to optimizing the peer review process. In addition, the assistance also includes improving the quality of the article substance, publication consistency, completeness of metadata, and fulfilling the technical aspects of accreditation such as DOI, indexation, and citation. Through a participatory approach, the coaching team works intensively with journal managers to ensure that each stage of accreditation can be understood and implemented properly. The results of the mentoring activities showed a significant increase in journal managers' understanding of accreditation standards, improved quality of editorial governance, and the readiness of journals to participate in the national accreditation process. This assistance not only has an impact on the administrative aspect, but also encourages the professionalism of the management and the sustainability of the journal as an academic asset of the institution. With the realization of accredited journals, the Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program at the Magelang Military Academy is expected to be able to strengthen its academic reputation, support the tridharma of higher education, and contribute to the development of national defense science and technology.

Keywords: Mentoring, Accreditation, Electrical Defense Engineering, Governance of Scientific Journals, Magelang Military Academy

INTRODUCTION

The high education consistently manage scientific journals based on Open Journal Systems (OJS) as part of the strategy to strengthen academic quality and develop research culture. Journal management is carried out in a structured, professional, and sustainable manner by referring to national scientific journal management standards and international publication ethics. The scientific journals managed have been nationally accredited, which shows that the editorial system, peer review process, article quality, and journal governance have met the standards set by the Ministry of Education, Culture,

Research, and Technology. The accreditation is proof of the institution's commitment to maintaining the quality of research outputs and scientific publications (Silitonga et al., 2023).

The entire journal publishing process is carried out through the OJS platform which allows for transparent, documented, and accountable manuscript management, starting from the process of submitting articles, appointing reviewers, implementing peer reviews, revision processes, to publishing articles online (Silitonga et al., 2022). This system supports the traceability of the editorial process as well as the improvement of the quality of journal management. The existence of accredited journals makes a real contribution to the implementation of the Tridharma of Higher Education, especially in supporting lecturers' research outputs, publication of community service results, and increasing student capacity in writing scientific papers (Sidik & Silitonga, 2021). Journals are also used as a means of academic learning and strengthening research literacy in the campus environment.

In addition, accredited journals play a strategic role in improving lecturer performance, especially in fulfilling the Lecturer Workload (BKD), increasing functional positions, and fulfilling the main performance indicators (KPIs) of high education. The resulting publications also support the accreditation achievements of study programs and institutions (Muthanainnah et al., 2023). In order to ensure the sustainability of quality, journal management is carried out through the formation of a clear editorial organizational structure, involving editors, internal and external reviewers, and supported by institutional policies in the form of funding, training of journal managers, and periodic evaluation of journal performance. With the sustainable management of accredited OJS, the university is committed to continuously improving the quality of scientific publications, expanding national and international academic networks, and strengthening the institution's reputation as a center for science development and innovation.

COMMUNITY OVERVIEW

The Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program is a higher education program designed to produce professional human resources in the field of electrical engineering who have special competencies in supporting the country's defense system. This study program integrates electrical engineering science with the strategic needs of modern defense, security, and military technology, in line with the development of science, technology, and global threat dynamics. The curriculum of the Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program is prepared based on outcome-based education (OBE) and

refers to the Indonesian National Qualifications Framework (KKNI), the National Higher Education Standards (SN-Dikti), and the needs of graduate users in the defense environment. Learning includes mastery of the fundamentals of electrical engineering such as electrical circuits, analog and digital electronics, control systems, telecommunications, instrumentation, and electric power systems, combined with the application of defense technology (Silitonga, Cahayani, Supriyono, et al., 2024).

Figure 1. Strengthening the Learning Process of Applied Electronics Science

The distinctive feature of this study program lies in strengthening competencies in the fields of defense electronics systems, tactical communications, radar and sensors, weapon control systems, surveillance technology, and the use of electrical and electronic systems in land, sea, and air defense systems. With this approach, graduates are expected to have the ability to analyze, design, operate, and maintain electrical systems used in supporting defense operations (Puspita et al., 2021). The learning process is carried out through a combination of theoretical lectures, laboratory practicums, system simulations, case studies, and field practices relevant to the needs of the defense world. In addition to mastering technical aspects, the study program also instills the values of discipline, leadership, professional ethics, and national insight as the main character of graduates (Standar Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat Akademi Militer, 2021).

Graduates of the Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program are prepared to play the role of technical officers, system analysts, expert technicians, and defense technology developers who are able to adapt to modern technological developments such as automation, artificial intelligence, cyber systems, and the Internet of Things (IoT) in the context of national defense. With the support of competent lecturers, adequate laboratory facilities, and cooperation with national defense institutions and strategic

industries, the Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program is committed to becoming a center of excellence in the development of nationally competitive electrodefense technology and making a real contribution to Indonesia's defense independence (Harijanto et al., 2015).

1. Overview of Scientific Publications

The Electrical Engineering Study Program consistently encourages scientific publications as the main output of research and community service activities carried out by lecturers and cadets. This publication is a means of disseminating knowledge, strengthening research culture, and making a real contribution of study programs to the development of technology and solving community problems, especially those related to the fields of engineering and defense. Publication policies at the study program level are directed to support the improvement of academic quality, the fulfillment of high education performance indicators, and the improvement of the institution's reputation through publication in accredited national journals and scientific proceedings (Muthanainnah et al., 2023).

2. Publication of Lecturer Research Results

The publication of lecturers' research results is directed at the development of applicable electrical engineering science, including electronic systems, telecommunications, control systems, instrumentation, and defense supporting technology. The results of the research were published in the form of journal articles, national seminar proceedings, and internal scientific publications. The publication shows a trend of increasing the number and quality of lecturers' research outputs, especially in nationally accredited journals.

3. Publication of Lecturers' Community Service Results (PkM)

Lecturers' community service activities are focused on the application of appropriate electrical technology, community capacity building, and technological support for institutions and assisted communities. The output of PkM is published in the journal of service and proceedings of the national seminar. PkM publications contribute to strengthening the social role of study programs and the relevance of science to the needs of society (Silitonga, Cahayani, & Muthma'innah, 2024).

4. Publication of Cadets (Students)

The Electrical Engineering Study Program actively involves cadets in research activities and lecturer service through *student research* schemes and research-based final projects. The results of these activities were published with the supervisor as a form

of academic learning and improvement of scientific writing competence. Forms of Cadet Involvement

a) Final project-based article writing
b) Publication with lecturer (co-author)
c) Presentation at the national seminar of students
d) Publications in internal and national journals

Cadets' involvement in scientific publications is a means of strengthening *academic soft skills*, critical thinking skills, and readiness to face professional challenges.

5. Publication Management and Support System

To ensure the sustainability of publications, the study program implements the following support systems:

a) Mandatory policy for research outputs and lecturer PkM
b) Scientific article writing assistance
c) OJS-based journal management
d) Facilitation of seminars and scientific publications
e) Regular monitoring and evaluation of research outputs

6. Impact and Contribution of Publications

Scientific publications have a positive impact in the form of:

a) Improving the quality of the tridharma of higher education
b) Improving the performance of lecturers and institutions
c) Strengthening the culture of research and publication of cadets
d) Support for study program accreditation
e) Improved academic reputation of the institution

Publication Period 2023–2026

Year 2023

The Elektrosista Journal has actively published articles in 2023 as an initial forum for the publication of scientific papers of study programs and collaborators. Although there is no official structured report on the number of issues in 2023 on the journal page, based on the volume footprint of the latest edition in 2025 which states that the journal has been published periodically since before, active publication is confirmed to be carried out in this period.

Year 2024

Continuous publication in the journal continues to the next volume, showing its trend as a continuous scientific periodical. The journal notes the mid-year edition.

Year 2025

The latest volume was recorded: Vol. 13 No. 1 (December 2025) with the publication of a number of scientific articles covering research and studies in the fields of engineering and defense. It indicates at least two issues within 2025 (mid-year and possibly early 2025 editions).

Year 2026

Authentic specific data from the journal's website is available for the 2026 edition at this point, but the trend of regular publishing and the journal's fairly stable sustainability in the previous two years indicate the journal is still running in 2026.

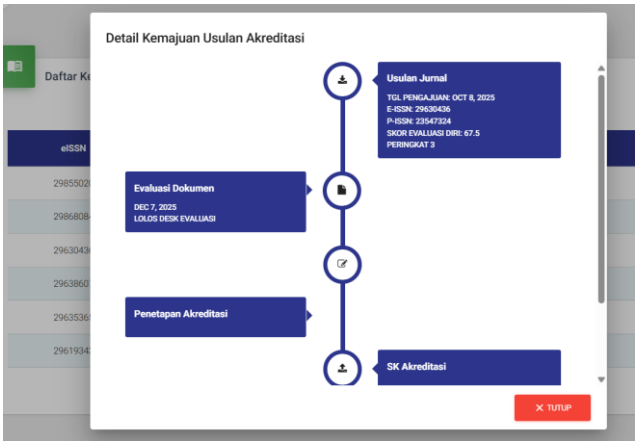

Figure 2. Accreditation Assessment Status on 2025

3. Academic Relevance and Context

a) Although *the Elektrosista Journal* has not shown a formal national accreditation status, its existence is very important as an internal and scientific publication media for the academic community of the Defense Electronics Engineering study program.
b) The journal provides a channel to disseminate research results and ideas to the academic community, supports cadets' scientific writing competencies, and provides an institution's scientific track record.
c) Improving editorial quality and seeking accreditation status is a strategic step forward to strengthen the credibility of study program research in national and international scientific forums.

4. Status Summary 2023–2026

Year	Publication Activities	Accreditation Status
2023	Active journal publications (volumes and periodicals)	Not yet nationally accredited (public status)
2024	Sustainable journal publication	Not yet accredited

2025	The latest volume (Vol.12 No.2, June 2025) applied for accreditation through the Arjuna system	Dec 7, 2025 Pass the evaluation desk
2026	Preparing for Publication of Volume 13 No. 1 2026 consistently and improving the quality of publications	Waiting for Accreditation Determination

The 2023–2025 period shows that *the Journal of Electrosista* is consistently published and becomes a forum for scientific publications *for the Defense Electronics Engineering study program* at the Magelang Military Academy. However, the official national accreditation status has not been publicly announced through official channels until the latest data is available even though it has been declared to have passed the evaluation desk. This journal continues to play an important scientific media for lecturers and cadets in communicating the results of their research, development, and scientific studies.

Journal Publication Development and Accreditation Plan

The Defense Electrical Engineering Study Program continuously develops scientific journals as the main means of disseminating research results and community service carried out by lecturers and cadets. The existence of this journal is part of the study program's strategy in building a research culture, improving the quality of the output of the tridharma of higher education, and strengthening the institution's academic reputation in the fields of technology and defense. Since 2023, the journal Defense Electrical Engineering has been actively publishing scientific articles periodically through the Open Journal Systems (OJS) system. In the early stages, the focus of journal management is directed to the formation of institutional structures, the preparation of editorial policies, and the consistency of publishing. Publications in this period were dominated by the results of research by lecturers and cadets related to the fields of electronics, electrical systems, telecommunications, control systems, and the application of electrical technology in supporting defense systems.

In 2024, journal management shows significant development with an increase in the number of published articles, an expansion of the scope of science, and the involvement of authors and reviewers from outside the institution. Journals began to implement *a more rigorous and documented peer review* process , as well as make adjustments to national scientific journal management standards, including aspects of publication ethics and editorial governance. Entering 2025 to 2026, journals have

strengthened in terms of quality and management, characterized by publication consistency, improvement in the quality of article substance, and optimization of publication metadata. Journals are also being directed to meet the technical requirements of national accreditation, such as the completeness of the journal's identity, the implementation of citation standards, the use of DOIs, and increased visibility through national indexation.

METHODOLOGY

Mentoring Activity Methods

This community service activity is carried out using integrated mentoring methods such as the integrated mentoring approach which combines technical, managerial, and scientific approaches to journals. Mentoring is carried out in a participatory and sustainable manner by involving lecturers and the editorial board of OJS Elektrosista as the main partners in an effort to realize journals that meet the National Journal Accreditation standards (ARJUNA/ SINTA).

Figure 3. Monev Assistance Process in Preparation for Journal Accreditation

Figure 3. Monev assistant process in preparation for journal accreditation, 2025

1. Needs Analysis and Initial Evaluation of the Journal

The initial stage of activities was carried out through an internal audit of the journal, including:

a) evaluation of the management of Open Journal Systems (OJS),
b) assessment of the completeness of the journal administration,
c) Conformity analysis to national accreditation instruments.

This method aims to map the initial condition of the journal and identify the gap between the existing conditions and the standards of nationally accredited journals.

2. Socialization of National Journal Accreditation Policy

The assistance was continued with socialization activities which included:

a) Understanding of the National Journal Accreditation Regulations,
b) introduction of ARJUNA assessment instruments,
c) Explanation of Scientific Journal Governance Standards.

This method aims to increase the literacy of lecturers and editorial boards towards the national journal accreditation system.

3. Technical Management of OJS

The training is carried out in a hands-on manner including:

a) editorial workflow settings in OJS,
b) managing the role of editor, reviewer, and author,
c) management of article metadata,
d) Template settings and journal view.

This method aims to improve the technical competence of journal managers so that the publishing process runs according to national standards.

4. Preparation of Policies and Journal Documents

Assistance is focused on the preparation and improvement of important journal documents, including:

a) focus and scope jurnal Teknik Elektrosista,
b) author guidelines dan template artikel,
c) Peer Review Policy,
d) publication ethics dan plagiarism policy,
e) Structure and duties of the editorial board.

This method ensures that all administrative and policy aspects of the journal meet the accreditation criteria.

5. Improvement of the Quality of Article Substance

Assistance is carried out to improve the quality of scientific articles through:

a) selection of lecturer manuscripts according to the scope of the journal,
b) citation and reference assistance,
c) checking the suitability of the format and style of the enclosure,
d) Improved quality of novelty and relevance of topics.

This method aims to ensure that the quality of the substance of the article meets national journal standards.

6. Accreditation Simulation

At this stage it is performed:

a) Simulation of journal accreditation assessment,
b) With the help of the Ark of the Covenant,
c) Examination of the completeness of the publication administration,
d) Assistance in the accreditation submission process.

This method aims to minimize technical errors and increase the chances of passing national accreditation.

7. Monitoring and Evaluation Method (Monev)

Monitoring and evaluation are carried out periodically to:

a) assessing the consistency of journal publications,
b) evaluate editorial performance,
c) ensuring the sustainability of journal governance.

The results of the evaluation are the basis for continuous improvement.

This method aims to maintain the continuity of post-deployment electrocyst journal management. The OJS Electrosista Engineering assistance method at the Military Academy is carried out gradually, systematically, and oriented towards national accreditation achievements. Through a combination of needs analysis, technical training, substance assistance, accreditation simulations, and continuous monitoring, this activity is expected to be able to increase the capacity of lecturers and editorial boards in managing scientific journals that are professional, credible, and meet national standards.

SUTAINABLE RESULT AND POTENSIAL

Community Service (PkM) activities in the form of Assistance for OJS Electrosista Engineering at the Military Academy (Akmil) towards National Journal Accreditation have been carried out systematically and continuously by involving lecturers and the editorial board of OJS Elektrosista as activity partners. The implementation of mentoring is focused on increasing the capacity of human resources, improving journal governance, and fulfilling national journal accreditation standards. The direct results of the activity show that journal managers have gained a more comprehensive understanding of the policies and instruments of National Journal Accreditation (ARJUNA). Through socialization and discussion activities, lecturers and the editorial board are able to understand the principles of good scientific journal governance, including aspects of editorial management, publication ethics, and publication consistency.

From a technical perspective, training and assistance in the management of Open Journal Systems (OJS) has a positive impact on the ability of journal managers. The editorial board has been able to operate the OJS workflow independently, starting from the manuscript submission process, reviewer assignment, review process, manuscript editing, to online article publishing. This shows a significant increase in technical competence compared to the initial conditions before the mentoring activities were implemented. In addition, mentoring activities also resulted in the preparation of various journal policy documents that were previously incomplete, including the determination of the focus and scope of the journal Electrocystic Engineering, writing guidelines for authors (author guidelines), article templates, peer review policies, as well as publication ethics and plagiarism policies. The completeness of these documents is an important foundation in meeting the standards of nationally accredited journals.

From the aspect of article substance, the assistance provided to the author's lecturer contributes to improving the quality of scientific manuscripts. The resulting articles have been adapted to the scientific scope of Electrocystic Engineering, have a more systematic writing structure, and are supported by relevant and up-to-date citations and references. This has an impact on improving the quality of articles published on OJS Elektrosista. Mentoring activities also encourage the realization of consistency in journal publishing. Through strengthening editorial management and publication planning, the Elektrosista journal began to show the regularity of publication schedules as one of the main indicators of national accreditation readiness. In addition, an accreditation assessment simulation has been carried out to provide an overview of the journal's readiness level before it is submitted to the ARJUNA system.

Overall, the results of this service activity show that the assistance of OJS Electrical Engineering at the Military Academy has a real impact on improving the quality of journal governance, management capacity, and the readiness of journals towards national accreditation. The results of this activity are the basis for the preparation of a roadmap for the development of the Elektrosista journal in a sustainable manner, so that it is expected to be able to support the improvement of the culture of scientific publications within the Military Academy.

Method	Activities	Output	Achievement Indicators
Needs analysis and preliminary audit	Evaluation of the condition of the OJS Electrosista, completeness of	Map of the initial condition of the journal (journal baseline)	Preparation of the initial audit report of the journal

	documents, and conformity with ARJUNA instruments		
Socialization of National Journal Accreditation	Presentation of accreditation policies, ARJUNA instruments, and national journal standards	Increased understanding of lecturers and editorial board	≥80% of participants understand journal accreditation standards
Technical training on OJS management	OJS workflow training, role settings, metadata, and journal view	Improving the technical competence of journal managers	The manager is able to operate the OJS independently
Assistance in the preparation of journal policies	Preparation of focus & scope, author guideline, article templates, publication ethics	Complete and standardized journal policy documents	All journal documents are available on the OJS website
Article substance management assistance	Assistance in selection, editing, and suitability of article substance	Articles according to the scope of Electrocystic Engineering	Articles meet the standards of substance and journal format
Assistance to improve the quality of citations	Penggunaan Mendeley, standar referensi, dan kesesuaian sitasi	Kualitas referensi artikel meningkat	Artikel memiliki sitasi konsisten dan relevan
Simulasi penilaian akreditasi	ARJUNA instrument simulation and internal evaluation of journals	Value of journal accreditation readiness simulation	Skor kesiapan akreditasi meningkat signifikan
Accreditation application assistance	Assistance in filling out and submitting national journal accreditation	Journal submitted to ARJUNA	Accreditation readiness score increases significantly
Monitoring and evaluation	Monitoring of publication consistency and editorial performance	Continuous improvement recommendations	Timely and sustainable journal publication
Dissemination of the results of activities	Preparation of service reports and publications	Reports and articles	Publication of PkM reports and articles

Table 1. Results of the Implementation of OJS Electrosista Assistance Activities

CONCLUSION

Community Service (PkM) activities in the form of assistance in the management of Open Journal Systems (OJS) Electrochemical Engineering at the Military Academy (Akmil) were carried out as an effort to improve the quality of scientific journal governance towards National Journal Accreditation. Mentoring is carried out in a structured and continuous manner by involving lecturers and the journal editorial board as the main partners of the activity. The outputs resulting from this activity include the preparation of the journal's initial audit document as the basis for mapping accreditation readiness, increasing the understanding of journal managers of national accreditation

policies and instruments, and the implementation of technical training on OJS management. In addition, this activity produced a complete journal policy document which includes focus and scope, article writing guidelines, manuscript templates, peer review policies, and publication ethics. From the substance aspect, there is an improvement in the quality of lecturer articles which is shown through the suitability of the scientific scope, improvement of writing structure, and improvement of the quality of citations and references. Mentoring activities also resulted in a simulation of journal accreditation assessment and the preparation of documents for readiness for national accreditation submissions. The outcome of this service activity can be seen in the increasing capacity and professionalism of lecturers and editorial boards in managing OJS-based scientific journals independently. The governance of the Electrocystic Engineering journal becomes more systematic, transparent, and sustainable, and encourages the realization of consistency in journal publication periodically. The medium-term impact of this activity is the increasing readiness of the Elektrosista journal to obtain the status of a nationally accredited journal, the increased visibility of scientific publications within the Military Academy, and the formation of a journal development roadmap as a guide for the sustainability of journal management. Overall, this activity contributes to strengthening the culture of scientific publications and improving the academic quality of the institution.

ADVICE AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the implementation of Community Service activities in the form of assistance in the management of Open Journal Systems (OJS) Electrocystic Engineering at the Military Academy (Akmil), there are several suggestions and recommendations that can be used as follow-up materials to ensure the sustainability of the program and improve the quality of journals in the future.

1. It is necessary to strengthen institutional commitment in the management of scientific journals through leadership policy support, the establishment of an editorial board structure on an ongoing basis, and the provision of supporting resources. Institutional support is an important factor so that the management of journals is not incidental, but becomes part of a sustainable academic system.
2. The journal editorial board is advised to maintain the consistency of publication periodically and on time, because the sustainability of publications is the main indicator in the assessment of national journal accreditation. Medium-term

editorial planning needs to be prepared so that the publishing process runs more systematically.

3. It is necessary to carry out follow-up assistance periodically, especially before the submission and after the accreditation assessment process. Continuous assistance will help journal managers in adjusting to policy dynamics and updating national accreditation instruments.
4. Journal of Electrophysical Engineering is recommended to expand the network of peer review partners from outside the institution to increase the objectivity and credibility of the peer review process. The involvement of external reviewers also contributes to the improvement of the journal's reputation.
5. The results of this assistance are recommended to be used as a model of best practice that can be replicated in other journals within the Military Academy and similar high education, so that the strengthening of the culture of scientific publications can take place more broadly and in a structured manner.

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